When you right click -> inspect element, the html shown in developer tools is the very element you chose! (Why did I not know this?)

Microsoft Webmatrix actually seems pretty decent

===

Specificity rules

Tag selector = 1

Class selector = 10

Id selector = 100

Pseudo-element (::first-line) = 1

Pseudo-class (::link) = 10

Higher point value equals more specificity

===

Serif fonts: Times New Roman, Times, Georgia, Baskerville, Palatino Linotype, serif

Sans-Serif fonts: Arial, Helvetics, Verdana, Geneva, Tahoma, Lucida Grande, Trebuchet MS, Century Gothic, sans-serif

Monospaced fonts: Courier New, Courier, Lucida Console, Copperplate

Serif fonts have "legs" at the bottom of each character

Sans-Serif good for headlines, monospaced good for code.

Web fonts download the font needed to the user's machine (ex/ google web fonts)

===

External stylesheets are loaded faster than internal ones because of caching.

font-size: x-large;

font-style: normal;

:firth-child, :last-child, :nth-child

:first-of-type, :last-of-type, :nth-of-type

:not

(Not sure of purpose of nth-of-type)

Adjacent sibling +

All siblings ~

Difference between

.my-class:first-child

.my-class :first-child

The first picks the first child matching my-class, while the second picks whatever is the first element within my-class.

Descendants inherit styles from ancestors. However, some properties are not inherited (ex: margins, borders)

font-family: 'Segoe UI', Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;

Each font after Segoe UI is a fall-back font

Capitalizing done through text-transform

text-decoration: underline and overline

letter-spacing

word-spacing

line-height: 125% or 1.25 (percent or fraction)

font-variant: small-caps is kind of interesting

border can be broken down to

border-width

border-style

border-color

No such thing as negative padding?